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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/674,399	10/01/2003	Myoung-Ho Kim	1572.1172	5161

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EXAMINER

CUNNINGHAM, GREGORY F

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2676

DATE MAILED: 06/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/674,399	Applicant(s) KIM, MYOUNG-HO	
	Examiner Gregory F. Cunningham	Art Unit 2676	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 October 2003.
2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected.
7) ☒ Claim(s) 12 and 13 is/are objected to.
8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 01 October 2003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

Art Unit: 2676

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to communications of application received 10/01/2003.
2. The disposition of the claims is as follows: claims 1 - 13 are pending in the application. Claims 1, 4, 5, 8, 9 and 11 are independent claims.
3. The group and/or Art Unit location of your application has changed. To aid in the correlation of any papers for this application, all further correspondence should be directed to Group Art Unit 2676 (effective 6/05). Please be sure to use the most current art unit number on all correspondence to help us route your case and respond to you in a timely fashion.
4. When making claim amendments, the applicant is encouraged to consider the references in their entireties, including those portions that have not been cited by the examiner and their equivalents as they may most broadly and appropriately apply to any particular anticipated claim amendments.

Information Disclosure Statement

5. The information disclosure statement filed 10/1/2003 and 1/5/2005 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(3) because it does not include a **concise explanation of the relevance**, as it is presently understood by the individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) most knowledgeable about the content of the information, of **each patent listed** that is not in the English language. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 1 - 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fang et al., (US Patent 6,816,201 B1), hereinafter Fang, and further in view of Bessel, (US Patent 6,069,663).

A. Claim 1, "A method of controlling a video control system in a computer having a video controller supplying a picture signal to a displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 40-67], comprising:

setting up in advance a display adjusting value for adjusting a displaying status of a picture displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 61-67, wherein 'viewer may preselect parameters to allow the computer to automatically control the television system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve television viewing'];

selecting a conversion of the displaying status according to a user selection [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein 'user interface' and "on-screen display" or 'turn closed captioning on or off' respectively correspond to "according to a user selection" and "selecting a conversion of the displaying status"];

adjusting a signal of the picture to be supplied from the video controller to the displaying apparatus, according to the user selection and the display adjusting value set up in advance [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein 'user interface', 'viewer may preselect parameters', and "on-

Art Unit: 2676

screen display' or 'turn closed captioning on or off' respectively correspond to "according to the user selection", "set up in advance" and "selecting a conversion of the displaying status");

and outputting the picture signal adjusted according to the display adjusting value to the displaying apparatus from the video controller" is disclosed by Fang [as detailed].

Although Fang only implies "outputting the picture signal adjusted according to the display adjusting value to the displaying apparatus from the video controller" at col. 3, lns. 39-47; Bessel goes on to disclose this in col. 3, ln. 39 – col. 4, ln. 9.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply video viewing parameter setting by the user disclosed by Fang in combination with parameter setup and viewing disclosed by Bessel, and motivated to combine the teachings because it would provide for automatically configuring the television to display the computer-generated image signals in accordance therewith, as revealed by Bessel in col. 2, lns. 30-32.

B. Claim 2, "The method according to claim 1, wherein the setting up of the display adjusting value in advance comprises setting a value for adjusting any one of brightness, color, contrast, and gamma of a moving picture displayed on the displaying apparatus" is disclosed supra for claim 1 by Fang and Bessel and furthermore in Bessel at col. 2, lns. 25-27.

C. Claim 3, "The method according to claim 2, further comprising: selecting a picture conversion automatic execution function to allow the displaying status of the picture to be automatically converted if the moving picture is displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 2, lns. 23-33; col. 4, lns. 55-67, wherein 'parameters to allow the computer to automatically

Art Unit: 2676

control the television to system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve normal television viewing' corresponds to "automatically converting the displaying status"];

ascertaining whether the moving picture is displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 5-14];

adjusting the signal of the moving picture supplied from the video controller to the displaying apparatus according to the display adjusting value set up in advance, if ascertained that the moving picture is displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 2, lns. 23-33; col. 4, lns. 55-67, wherein 'parameters to allow the computer to automatically control the television to system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve normal television viewing' corresponds to "automatically converting the displaying status"]; and

allowing the moving picture adjusted according to the display adjusting value to be displayed on the displaying apparatus from the video controller" is disclosed supra for claim 2 by Fang and Bessel and furthermore in Bessel at col. 2, lns. 25-27.

Although Fang only implies "outputting the picture signal adjusted according to the display adjusting value to the displaying apparatus from the video controller" at col. 3, lns. 39-47; Bessel goes on to disclose this in col. 3, ln. 39 – col. 4, ln. 9.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply video viewing parameter setting by the user disclosed by Fang in combination with parameter setup and viewing disclosed by Bessel, and motivated to combine the teachings because it would provide for automatically configuring the television to display the computer-generated image signals in accordance therewith, as revealed by Bessel in col. 2, lns. 30-32.

Art Unit: 2676

(Examiner's note: most probably meant to convey: ... to be automatically converted only if the moving picture is displayed ...)

D. Claim 4, "A method of controlling a video control system in a computer having a video controller supplying a picture signal to a displaying apparatus and a video driver controlling the video controller [Fang: col. 4, lns. 40-67], comprising:

setting up in advance, at an application level of the computer operating system, a display adjusting value for adjusting a displaying status of a picture to be displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 61-67, wherein 'viewer may preselect parameters to allow the computer to automatically control the television system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve television viewing'];

hooking a user input signal transmitted to the operating system {Fang: 'XDS' corresponds to "operating system [Fang: col. 2, lns. 44-56]";

ascertaining whether the input signal is selecting a conversion of the displaying status of the picture [Fang: col. 4, lns. 5-14];

supplying the display adjusting value set up in advance to the video driver, if the conversion of the picture displaying status is selected [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein 'user interface' and "on-screen display" or 'turn closed captioning on or off' respectively correspond to "according to a user selection" and "selecting a conversion of the displaying status"];

adjusting in the video driver the picture signal to be supplied to the video controller based on the supplied display adjusting value [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein 'user interface', 'viewer may preselect parameters', and "on-screen display" or 'turn closed captioning on or off'

Art Unit: 2676

respectively correspond to “according to the user selection”, “set up in advance” and “selecting a conversion of the displaying status”];

and outputting the adjusted picture signal to the displaying apparatus from the video controller” is disclosed supra for claim 1 by Fang and Bessel.

Although Fang only implies “outputting the picture signal adjusted according to the display adjusting value to the displaying apparatus from the video controller” at col. 3, lns. 39-47; Bessel goes on to disclose this in col. 3, ln. 39 – col. 4, ln. 9.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply video viewing parameter setting by the user disclosed by Fang in combination with parameter setup and viewing disclosed by Bessel, and motivated to combine the teachings because it would provide for automatically configuring the television to display the computer-generated image signals in accordance therewith, as revealed by Bessel in col. 2, lns. 30-32.

E. Claim 5, “A system for video control in a computer having a video controller supplying a picture signal to a displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 40-67], comprising:

a display adjusting input part allowing input of a display adjusting value adjusting a displaying status of a picture displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 61-67, wherein ‘parameters to allow the computer to automatically control the television system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve television viewing’];

a picture adjusting value storage storing the input display adjusting value [Fang: col. 4, lns. 61-67];

Art Unit: 2676

a displaying status conversion part selecting a conversion of the displaying status of the picture displayed on the displaying apparatus according to a user selection [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein ‘user interface’ and “on-screen display’ or ‘turn closed captioning on or off’ respectively correspond to “according to a user selection” and “selecting a conversion of the displaying status”];

a controller controlling the video controller and changing a picture signal to be output from the video controller based on the stored display adjusting value, in response to the selected displaying status conversion [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47]” is disclosed by Fang and Bessel and [as detailed].

Although Fang only implies “outputting the picture signal adjusted according to the display adjusting value to the displaying apparatus from the video controller” at col. 3, lns. 39-47; Bessel goes on to disclose this in col. 3, ln. 39 – col. 4, ln. 9.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply video viewing parameter setting by the user disclosed by Fang in combination with parameter setup and viewing disclosed by Bessel, and motivated to combine the teachings because it would provide for automatically configuring the television to display the computer-generated image signals in accordance therewith, as revealed by Bessel in col. 2, lns. 30-32.

F. Claim 6, “The system according to claim 5, wherein the input display adjusting value is for displaying a moving picture; and the controller changes the picture signal to be output from the video controller according to the stored moving picture display adjusting value” is disclosed

Art Unit: 2676

supra for claim 5, by Fang and Bessel and furthermore by Fang in [col. 4, lns. 51-67, wherein 'viewer preselecting parameters' implies they are stored or saved parameters].

G. Claim 7, "The system according to claim 5, further comprising an automatic execution selector automatically converting the displaying status if a moving picture is displayed on the displaying apparatus; wherein the controller changes the moving picture signal to be output from the video controller according to the stored display adjusting value, if sensed that the moving picture is displayed on the displaying apparatus" is disclosed, supra for claim 5, by Fang and Bessel and furthermore by Fang in [col. 2, lns. 23-33; col. 4, lns. 55-67, wherein 'parameters to allow the computer to automatically control the television to system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve normal television viewing' corresponds to "automatically converting the displaying status"].

(Examiner's note: most probably meant to convey: ... automatically converting the displaying status only if a moving picture is displayed ...)

H. Claim 8, "A computer video control system, comprising: a programmed computer processor storing a display adjusting value to convert a displaying status of a picture displayed on a monitor, selecting a displaying status according to a job processing, and changing a picture signal output to the monitor in response to the displaying status selection and based on the stored display adjusting value" is disclosed, supra for claims 1 and 5, by Fang and Bessel and furthermore by Fang in [col. 2, lns. 23-33].

J. Claim 9, "A computer system, comprising: a programmed computer processor controlling a video controller output to a monitor according to set display adjustment settings of an

Art Unit: 2676

application processing by the computer system” is disclosed, supra for claim 8, by Fang and Bessel.

K. Claim 10, “The computer system of claim 9, wherein the display adjustment settings comprise at least one of brightness, contrast, color, gamma, sharpness, position/size, and tilt” is disclosed, in claim 8, by Fang and Bessel and furthermore by Bessel in [col. 2, lns. 25-27].

L. Claim 11, “A computer system, comprising:

a video controller outputting an image signal to a displaying apparatus; and a machine-readable storage storing at least one program controlling the computer system according to a process [Fang: col. 4, lns. 40-67, wherein “machine-readable storage storing” is directed to the computer video monitor for performing the method of claim 1] comprising:

setting up in advance a display adjusting value adjusting a displaying status of the image displayed on the displaying apparatus [Fang: col. 4, lns. 61-67, wherein ‘viewer may preselect parameters to allow the computer to automatically control the television system, for example, ... and/or to otherwise improve television viewing’];

selecting an adjustment of the displaying status according to a user selection [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein ‘user interface’ and “on-screen display” or ‘turn closed captioning on or off’ respectively correspond to “according to a user selection” and “selecting a conversion of the displaying status”];

adjusting the image signal according to the user selection and the display adjusting value set up in advance [Fang: col. 3, lns. 39-47, wherein ‘user interface’, ‘viewer may preselect parameters’, and “on-screen display” or ‘turn closed captioning on or off’ respectively correspond to “according to the user selection”, “set up in advance” and “selecting a conversion

Art Unit: 2676

of the displaying status”]; and outputting the adjusted image signal to the video controller to be output to the displaying apparatus” is disclosed by Fang [as detailed].

Although Fang only implies “outputting the picture signal adjusted according to the display adjusting value to the displaying apparatus from the video controller” at col. 3, lns. 39-47; Bessel goes on to disclose this in col. 3, ln. 39 – col. 4, ln. 9.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply video viewing parameter setting by the user disclosed by Fang in combination with parameter setup and viewing disclosed by Bessel, and motivated to combine the teachings because it would provide for automatically configuring the television to display the computer-generated image signals in accordance therewith, as revealed by Bessel in col. 2, lns. 30-32.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 12 and 13 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Responses

9. Responses to this action should be mailed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Inquiries

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory F. Cunningham whose telephone number is (571) 272-7784.

Art Unit: 2676

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Bella can be reached on (571) 272-7778. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

On July 15, 2005, the Central FAX Number will change to **571-273-8300**. This new Central FAX Number is the result of relocating the Central FAX server to the Office's Alexandria, Virginia campus.

Most facsimile-transmitted patent application related correspondence is required to be sent to the Central FAX Number. To give customers time to adjust to the new Central FAX Number, faxes sent to the old number (703-872-9306) will be routed to the new number until September 15, 2005. After September 15, 2005, the old number will no longer be in service and **571-273-8300** will be the only facsimile number recognized for "centralized delivery".

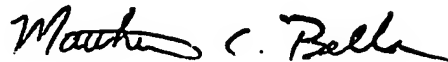
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Gregory F. Cunningham
Examiner
Art Unit 2676

gfc

6/24/2005



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